

Image Challenge



Q: What is the diagnosis?

- 1. Cushing's syndrome**
- 2. Divarication of the rectus abdominis**
- 3. Familial partial lipodystrophy of the Dunnigan type**
- 4. Insulin lipohypertrophy**
- 5. Morgagni hernia**



Image Challenge

Q: What is the diagnosis?

Answer:

4. Insulin lipohypertrophy

These pendulous subcutaneous periumbilical masses were attributed to 31 years of insulin injection to manage type 1 diabetes. Lipohypertrophy can be associated with glycemic flux and prevented by rotating injection sites.

